MAY 21, 1767. THE NUMBER 835.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the lateſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

To the Printer of the Publick Advertiſer.

SIR,

BY the preparations we are now making, it looks as if ſome blow was intended; but againſt what power, time only can diſcover. It is certain that no nation in Europe have ſo much reaſon to dread our reſentment as the Dutch, who have for a ſeries of years acted the moſt baſe and treacherous part towards England, by underhand aſſiſting our enemies, and trampling on the faith of treaties. Shall we any longer ſuffer them with impunity to fiſh on our coaſts, without paying their ſtipulated annual tribute? Or to keep the ſpice iſlands in the Eaſt Indies, which they now unjuſtly hold? Ought we not to retake our colony of Surinam from them, as they have broke the capitulation thereof? And ought we not to declare the marine treaty of 1674 to be void? As the Dutch have broke the 12th article of that famous treaty, a treaty by virtue of which the French were enabled to carry on the war, and Britiſh ſubjects injured to the amount of ſeven millions ſterling. It may be ſaid that the Dutch are poſſeſſed of a great property in our funds, and that a war with them would be improper; but in fact the Dutch are much more indebted to us. I mean the arrears for fiſhing on our coaſts, the produce of the ſpice iſlands, and the produce of Surinam, ever ſince the year 1687, when the Dutch broke the capitulation. If thoſe three ſums are put together, it will be much greater than what we owe them. Will it not be of great advantage for us to have part of the ſpice trade, which is now entirely in the hands of the Dutch? And will it not be of the laſt importance to this kingdom to be in poſſeſſion of ſo rich a country as Surinam, which will at all times be a curb not only on the Dutch, but on Spain, France, and Portugal, and will give new life to all our dominions in America? We never had ſo fair an opportunity as at preſent, for the Dutch have no fleet able to look us in the face; and there is no danger of their burning our ſhips at Chatham, nor ſweeping the Engliſh channel with a broom at their mainmaſt; for now, Mr. Printer, we have got an Earl of Chatham, who has no ſmall influence in our Moſt Gracious Sovereign's councils.

I am yours,

A CITIZEN of LONDON.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *Jan.* 15.

THE 7th inſtant, a little before midnight, a Turkiſh man of war of 64 guns, lying at anchor in the harbour near Topana, ready to ſail, with another of the ſame force for the Archipelago, was ſet on fire by a pan of coals being put in a room by ſome of the people to warm them, who fell aſleep The fire had made ſuch a progreſs while they ſlept that the people, deſpairing to extinguiſh it, and fearing it ſhould be communicated to the other ſhip, cut the cables. The wind blowing freſh, drove her to a key called Capani, where ſhe ſet fire to five ſaiacks (large veſſels that trade to the Black ſea) two of which were laden with corn. They were all puſhed off from the ſhore, and ſeparated in the harbour. One of them immediately ſet fire to three other ſaiacks, which lay at another key; two of them were drove to a place called Guibali, and ſet fire to the houſes on the Conſtantinople ſide of the harbour, eighty of which were entirely conſumed. Several of the veſſels went along ſhore on this ſide, and ſet fire to a kioſk of the Grand Seignior's, which was ſoon reduced to aſhes. Had it not been for the dexterity of the ſlaves of the bagnio, who ſunk one of the veſſels while ſhe was on fire, and driving near eighteen large men of war, which lay moored together before the arſenal, the whole of them muſt inevitably have been conſumed. The Grand Seignior, the Grand Viziar, and all the great officers of the Porte, were upon the water giving their orders. The human mind cannot picture to itſelf a more ſtriking and horrid ſcene than to ſee, at the ſame time, nine large floating fires, in the middle of the night, with two great fires on each ſide of the water, which threatened deſtruction to the whole city. The Grand Seignior, who is bleſſed with a heart of charity and benevolence, has given orders to make up the loſſes of the unhappy ſufferers by water. The ſame night the Sultana was delivered of a Prince, which was made known on Saturday, by the firing of the guns from the Seraglio and the Arſenal, which continued morning, noon and evening.

Jan. 16. It is aſſured that the Porte has made peace with the Georgians, upon condition that they ſhall yearly bring twenty fine female ſlaves to the Seraglio, either Georgians or others; but that the Ottoman officers ſhall not have it in their power to refuſe, or exchange, any of them.

WARSAW, *Feb.* 12. By letters from the frontiers, we are informed that great numbers of recruits are raiſing in the ſtates of the Empreſs Queen and in thoſe of his Pruſſian Majeſty.

VENICE, *Feb.* 13. A letter from Cairo, in Egypt, brings advice that a rich merchant of that city had procured letter founders and printers from England at his own expenſe; by which means he had eſtabliſhed a printing houſe, in which he printed an excellent work upon the properties, culture and commerce, of coffee; and that they are preparing to print an elegant edition of the Alcoran, with comments by Aben Arum.

According to private letters from Genoa, the Republick, wearied out with maintaining an expenſive war againſt Corſica, has been induced to liſten to certain propoſitions from the Court of Verſailles, which it was thought would terminate in the entire ceſſion of that iſland to the French King.

PARIS, *Feb.* 23. Several letters from Italy adviſe that the Jeſuits in Spain export large quantities of ſilver from Cadiz to Genoa, and thence to London, from the confidence they have in the Court of England.

LONDON, *Jan.* 19.

This morning John Williamſon, a journeyman ſhoemaker, was carried in a cart from Newgate to Moorfields, and there executed purſuant to his ſentence, for the murder of his wife, by ſtarving her to death; the gallows was erected in the center fronting Chiſwell ſtreet. He was attended by two clergymen of the Church of England and a Methodiſt teacher, who prayed by him a full hour. He was a tall man, about 40 years of age, behaved with great penitence, owned his ill uſage to his wife, but to the laſt denied his having any intention to murder her. It is ſuppoſed there were near 80,000 perſons preſent, the major part of whom were women.

Jan. 26. Letters from all parts are filled with accounts of charitable contributions making for the ſupport of the poor, at this diſtreſſing time.

On the 12th inſtant died at Venice General Græme, a Scotch Gentleman, of the Montroſe family, and commander in chief of the Venetian forces. He was formerly a Colonel in the Dutch ſervice, from which he was called by the Republick of Venice to command their forces about 12 years ago. Sir James Wright, his Britannick Majeſty's Reſident, and the reſt of the Engliſh Gentlemen in the place, attended his funeral. The Republick have made a complimentary decree to be ſent to his family, and have ordered his buſt to be placed in the arſenal.

Two veſſels from Glaſgow are to be employed this year in the new cod fiſhery on the weſt coaſt of Scotland.

The Glaſgow merchants have taken up twelve ſhips, to be employed this year in the Greenland whale fiſhery.

Two young fellows who were at the execution of Williamſon in Moorfields, for the murder of his wife, on their return home, chatting with each other, and making light of the pain which a criminal endured in hanging, one of them agreed to be hanged for two or three minutes, in order to judge with certainty; he accordingly pulled a cap over his face, and ſwung himſelf off a chair, taking a handkerchief in his hand, which he was to drop whenever he wanted to be cut down. At firſt he plunged pretty much, but an interval of ſeveral minutes paſſing, and no handkerchief being dropped, his companion became a little uneaſy, and thought proper to cut him down; when, to his inexpreſſible aſtoniſhment, he found him quite dead, and was ſo ſhocked at the circumſtance that he loſt his ſenſes immediately, and is now tied down raving mad in his apartment.

Yeſterday morning a Gentleman, for curioſity's ſake, filled his pockets with halfpence; and in a line from the Exchange to St. James's Park diſpoſed of 479 to objects, at a halfpeny apiece.

Lately a ſingle volume of newſpapers, printed in the time of the Commonwealth, was ſold at a publick auction for 5 l.

It is ſaid that our Miniſters to a certain Republick will ſoon be recalled.

The forces ſo much talked of to go to America are only to relieve the ſeveral regiments that have been there for ſome years.

Every one of the American provinces have complied, without demur, with the orders of Government for quartering troops, and all other requiſitions, except Boſton and New York; who, however, it is thought, will know their intereſt too well to oppoſe ſo trifling a circumſtance as finding the troops with ſalt and ſmall beer.

March 2. Letters from Poland, of the 6th of February, ſay that a report prevails there that 40,000 Ruſſian troops more are to arrive, as ſoon as the ſeaſon will permit, in that kingdom, and that the Poles are preparing to oppoſe them.

The Houſe of Commons ſat very late on Friday night, and was engaged upon buſineſs of ſuch conſequence that the Houſe was ordered to be cleared of all perſons who were not Members.

Extract of a letter from Cheſter, February 25.

"Yeſterday morning, about 3 o'clock, I was greatly alarmed by the cry of a fire, and the tolling of the bell. When I aroſe out of my bed, which was not far from where the fire happened, the moſt ſhocking ſight preſented itſelf to me: The workhouſe, in which all the poor of eleven pariſhes lived, to the amount of 200 boys and girls, beſides men and women, was entirely burnt to the ground, together with upwards of 60 children, and about twelve men and women, in all ſeventy ſeven; the reſt were ſaved. It was about two o'clock in the morning when the fire broke out, but it was ſuppoſed to have been burning all night. About 20 children uſed to lie in one room, and it is ſuppoſed they, by ſome accident, ſet fire to the cotton which the children uſed to ſpin, and which was owing to the negligence of one woman, by letting them go to bed by themſelves. It is impoſſible to expreſs the horrour and diſtreſs the poor people were in, ſome of them running out naked, others jumping out of the windows and from the top of the building. In ſhort, it was the moſt ſhocking ſight that ever was ſeen. There are now upwards of 33 men employed in digging out the bones and dead bodies, but there are none found as yet, and it is ſuppoſed they were all burnt to aſhes."

March 6. They write from Hamburg that ſeveral thouſand Jews had lately arrived from different parts of Germany and the Empire, to ſettle in the dominions of his Pruſſian Majeſty.

They write from Liſbon that the Miniſter of Portugal continues to ſtand out againſt all the remonſtrances for aboliſhing certain monopolies, which are thought prejudicial to the Britiſh commerce in that kingdom.

A circular letter of the King of Pruſſia, dated Cleves, December 14th, 1766, has juſt appeared at Berlin, by which his Majeſty declares "That having been informed that many perſons are deſirous of retiring from Switzerland into the province of Cleves, to rent farms, and to eſtabliſh different manufactures there, he therefore ordains that, without any regard to the religion they profeſs, they ſhall be well received and protected, and furniſhed with lodging and all things proper for what they may undertake, relative to their eſtabliſhment in the ſaid province."

March 7. They write from Senegambia that inland caravans were preparing to be eſtabliſhed this ſummer, to penetrate ſeveral hundred miles into the country; it being ſuppoſed, from the report of the black traders, that many valuable mines of gold are to be found therein.

March 10. Yeſterday her Majeſty honoured the Dutcheſs of Northumberland with a viſit at Northumberland Houſe, and ſtaid there upwards of an hour.

Yeſterday there was the grandeſt Court at St. James's known for ſome time paſt, which did not break up until four o'clock in the afternoon.

It is ſaid the changes are all over. The Gentleman who was to take the lead in the intended reſignations is ſatisfied, in conſequence of which the reſt are content with their preſent ſituation.

On Sunday the Right Hon. George Grenville gave a grand entertainment to ſeveral of the Nobility, at which were preſent the Dukes of Bedford and Bridgewater, Earl Temple, &c.

It is ſaid his Majeſty has declared his intentions to ſupport a Royal Academy at London, for the encouragement of the polite arts.

There is now living at the town of Maidford, near Towceſter, in Northampton ſhire, one Mary Wilſon, who is in the 127th year of her age, and enjoys her ſenſes in a tolerable degree, and walks well. She uſed formerly to ſell buckles, combs, &c. about the country, but is now ſupported by the charitable contribution of the pariſhioners.

Within a fortnight ſeveral French Proteſtant families have arrived here, in order to go and ſettle in the Floridas.

We hear that there have not yet any reſignations, or promotions, taken place in the Adminiſtration.

March 12. We hear the Earl of Chatham has had the honour, ſince his arrival in town, of three private conferences with his Majeſty at the Queen's palace.

We are well aſſured that a letter was very lately written by a high perſonage to a certain patriot Nobleman, declarative of ſuch confidence and ſupport as to have ſilenced oppoſition, and brought about a tranquillity among the great which was thought to be impracticable.

We hear his Excellency the Spaniſh Ambaſſadour has had ſeveral conferences with the Right Hon. the Earl of Chatham, ſince his Lordſhip's arrival in town.

This morning the Earl of Chatham had a numerous levee, at his Lordſhip's houſe in Bond ſtreet.

On Wedneſday Lord Frederick Campbell reported from the Committee to whom the petition of the merchants, &c. of Glaſgow, was referred, that they had examined the matter of the ſaid petition, which they directed him to report to the Houſe; upon which leave was given to bring in a bill for making a navigable cut or canal from the river Clyde, at or near the city of Glaſgow, to the river Carron, at or near Carron ſhore.

It is now ſaid that the Earl of Briſtol certainly goes to Ireland as Lord Lieutenant of that kingdom.

We hear that in ſome late orders for the military to join their corps, there is an omiſſion of excepting M——s of P——t, which is like to produce ſome altercation in a certain place.

The Duke de Lauſan is arrived within theſe few days from Paris at Coprenhole's, in Suffolk ſtreet. He has been introduced to his Majeſty at St. James's by his Grace the Duke of Graſton, when his equipage and running footmen made a very brilliant appearance.

Extract of a letter from Liſbon, *January* 30.

"In my laſt I acquainted you with the publication of a pamphlet againſt the Papal ſupremacy which made much noiſe, and greatly diſturbed the Clergy. Since that time, political and commercial matters have been more immediately the objects of our attention; and it is generally believed that a rupture between England and Portugal cannot now be avoided, as the Portugueſe Miniſtry reject with implacable obſtinacy all the memorials of Mr. Hay, who had ſeveral conferences with them within theſe few days, but which have no way tended to bring matters to a ſpeedy concluſion. Several Engliſh merchants are preparing to leave this place with their famlies, and will embark the firſt opportunity for England."

It is the reigning report, at the weſt end of the town, that we ſhall ſhortly ſee a new war break out in Germany between two powerful Royal Houſes.

Notwithſtanding the almoſt poſitive aſſertion in the papers to the contrary, it is ſtrongly affirmed to us that a radical change in the Adminiſtration will ſoon begin to take place; and that, from the complexion of our intended new Miniſters, the hand that uſhers them into office will be eaſily gueſſed at. There are others, however, who make no ſcruple to pronouce that in a very few days the Miniſtry will be cleared of every Anti-Chathamite; a great perſonage (they ſay) being fully reſolved, at all events, to ſupport the Earl of Chatham and his plans, as they are all inconteſtably calculated for the publick benefit.

EDINBURGH, *Jan.* 26. Our theatrical entertainments have of late been frequently interrupted, on account of a difference between the managers and one of the players, whom, for particular reaſons, they would not allow to perform. Some Gentlemen, however, having patronized him, repeatedly inſiſted that he ſhould be engaged. This the managers refuſed; and diſturbances generally enſued, which put a period to the entertainment for the night. The managers at length, ſome nights ago, were induced to promiſe compliance; which, however, they afterwards thought proper publickly to retract, and in hand bills, which were circulated by them and the reſt of the players, endeavoured to defend their conduct. Their arguments, however, did not perſuade; a number of Gentlemen had been offended at their behaviour, and on Saturday evening inſiſted that one of the players, in name of the reſt, ſhould beg pardon of the audience, for ſome reflections in their publications. This ſatisfaction however being refuſed, the Gentlemen became ſo exaſperated that, after begging the Ladies to retire, they tore up the benches in the pit, and having laid them, by way of temporary bridges, acroſs the orcheſtra, got upon the ſtage, cut to pieces the ſcenes, broke the looking-glaſſes, beat down the fronts of the ſide boxes and galleries, and demoliſhed the theatre in ſuch a manner as to render it impoſſible to perform there for ſome time. The city guard were ſent to the place, but were repulſed; and the magiſtrates having demanded the aſſiſtance of the military from the caſtle, the diſturbance was over before they arrived.

QUEBEC, *April* 2.

The Jubilee was concluded on Sunday laſt, the 29th of March, with the ſame ſolemnity, piety, and devotion, with which it was opened on Sunday the 15th of the ſame month; and the whole ended by ſinging *Te Deum*, and ringing of bells. The Biſhop, the Pariſh Prieſt, and the other Miniſters of the Lord, exerted themſelves with zeal, in calling back to God hardened ſinners, who had lived many years in vice and wickedneſs, and who, through ſhame, or otherwiſe, did not until then venture to acknowledge their faults; but the wiſe and ſolid inſtructions which were given to them, during the 15 days that this Jubilee held, eſpecially the conferences, made a number of perſons open their eyes (who until then had them ſhut) to the important affair of their ſalvation. The fruits to be expected from this Jubilee are, a ſincere return to God, a filial love for their King, a ready obedience to ſuperiours, an entire reſtitution, payment of their debts, a total renunciation of drunkenneſs, debauchery, unchaſtity, and all other ſuch abominable vices; in fine, a general reconciliation. The divine and human laws will then be accompliſhed, to the greater glory of God and of our Prince.

Laſt Monday a duel was fought, *near the gallows*, on the Heights of Abraham, that noted field of MARS, between an Officer of the Army and a Gentleman of the Law; but neither of them received any hurt, having *prudently* deſiſted after exchanging a ſhot apiece.

CHARLESTOWN, *April* 3.

Mr. Hammerer, who came over from England with intent to civilize and convert the Cherokee Indians, has met with more ſucceſs than ſome perſons ſeemed to expect. He has been ſome time ſeated in the Lower Towns, the people whereof have elected him Headman over them all. Some of the principal Indians have given him their children to educate, who have made a tolerable progreſs in reading and writing. Specimens of their writing, in the Cherokee language, have been ſent down hither by Mr. Hammerer; who, we hear, declines attempting a Cherokee dictionary, and aſſigns very good reaſons for his not undertaking it.

BOSTON, *April* 16.

We hear from Stoughton that yeſterday ſe'nnight died there Mrs. Mary Horton, aged 105 years. She was a native of Jamaica, in the Weſt Indies; and in the great earthquake at that iſland, about 60 years ſince, ſhe was taken up floating on the water, and brought hither by a veſſel belonging to this place. Her huſband was likewiſe taken up at the ſame time, and brought hither by another veſſel; by which means they met together to their great ſurpriſe, both imagining each other to have periſhed in that terrible cataſtrophe.

We hear from Hingham that on the 3d inſtant a ſon of Captain Jeſſe Willcut, of the ſecond pariſh in that town, about 4 years old, fell backwards into a tub of hot water, whereby he was ſo terribly ſcalded that he expired in a few hours after.

April 20. By the laſt ſhips from London, we are agreeably informed of the determination of a cauſe before the Houſe of Lords, between the city of London and the Diſſenters, reſpecting the Sheriffalty. The caſe was as follows: Allan Evans, Eſq; a Diſſenting Gentleman, was elected by the city of London one of the Sheriffs; he refuſed to ſerve in that office, and plead that the city had not a right to chooſe him, nor he a right to officiate therein, as by act of Parliament he was diſqualified; for that he had not within the ſpace of twelve months before his election partook of the ſacrament of the Lord's Supper, according to the rites of the Church of England, which the act of Parliament required all perſons thoſe into, and ſerving in that office, ſhould do: That he could not conſcientiouſly comply with that requiſition, and therefore was not obliged to ſerve in that office, nor was he ſubject to any fine for not ſerving. Upon this an action was brought by the Chamberlain of the city againſt him for the recovery of ſix hundred pounds ſterling, ſuggeſted to be forfeited by his refuſal; which, after various trials, was at length unanimouſly determined in favour of Mr. Evans, upon a writ of errour in the Houſe of Lords. This having been a caſe of great expectation, and long conteſted, we have, to gratify our readers, obtained an extract of a letter upon this ſubject, wrote by a Gentleman of diſtinction in London to his correſpondent in this town, which is as follows:

SIR, *London, February* 10, 1767.

I SHOULD have aknowledged the receipt of your favours October 14th paſt ſooner, but that my time and mind have been fully employed for ſome months paſt, in a publick affair, which moſt nearly concerned the civil and religious intereſts of every Diſſenter in England. By the force of truth, which is always an overmatch for cunning, and by the grace of God, ſupporting at this time, by his providence, that glorious cauſe, we found the whole Houſe of Lords, as it were, born in a day to countenance, and alſo to give judgment as one man, in favour of the Diſſenters, againſt that great power the City of London, and all that art we have conteſted with in the Sheriff's cauſe for more than fourteen years; and even in this laſt ſignal defeat, to uſe their own expreſſion, they died very hard. When the counſel on both ſides had done, and the judges who were ſummoned to attend had given their opinions *ſeriatim* on a point of law which was ſtated, my Lord Manſfield, in a moſt nervous and eloquent ſpeech, amongſt other things, declared that the mode of religious worſhip amongſt Proteſtant Diſſenters was eſtabliſhed by law; and further, that, according to his apprehenſion, it would be ſin in a conſcientious Diſſenter to conform to the Church of England. He concluded by moving the Houſe that the judgment be affirmed, which the Houſe agreed to immediately."

April 27. By the February packet a letter has been received from Dennis De Berdt, Eſq; directed to the Speaker of the late Houſe of Repreſentatives, and dated the 14th of February laſt. As the minds of many perſons are diſturbed with apprehenſions that the Miniſtry and the Parliament are diſpleaſed with the repreſentations lately ſent home by the Houſe, and that we are to be puniſhed with troops to keep us in order, we have obtained an extract of the letter, which we now publiſh for the information and comfort of the good people of this province.

SIR,

SINCE my receiving your judicious, pertinent, and decent repreſentation of the difficulties your trade laboured under, I have had ſeveral conferences with Lord Shelburne on the ſubject of it, who has been ſo obliging as to direct me to lay the caſe before him, in form of a memorial, with which his own Secretary will attend me to the Board of Trade, and has promiſed his intereſt to ſerve you; which memorial now lies before his Lordſhip. The reſtraints laid on the fiſhery will be removed.

"The Government are about to call home the troops from America, and place others in their room; the preparing for the embarking of which has occaſioned much ſpeculation here, and the report runs that there are freſh troops going to America, which occaſioned my particular application to Lord Shelburne on that head, who was ſo condeſcending and obliging as to aſſure me I might ſatisfy all my friends that there was no intention of augmenting the forces in America, but a mere exchange."

Extract of a letter from London, *March* 3.

"The late diſputes in New York have again rouſed the revengeful ſpirit of your enemies, and have loſt the colonies ſome, until now, very ſtaunch friends, and who were moſt attached to their intereſts, Mr. Charles Townſend, &c.

"Lord Chatham was brought to town a few days ſince, exceſſive ill. No publick buſineſs has been done this winter, for want of him. What a ſituation is this! The oppoſition to him is amazingly powerful."

We hear that John Williams, Eſq; of this place, now in London, is appointed Receiver General of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in North America. It is ſaid Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms are alſo ſhortly to be appointed, to reſide in America, and that Charles Paxton, Eſq; is nominated as one of them.

Extract of a letter from Surinam, *March* 22.

"Yeſterday arrived here a Dutch Guineaman, and brings an account that the French have taken ſome of our factories on the coaſt of Africa; but how true I cannot ſay, though it is currently reported and credited here."

NEW YORK, *April* 30.

Extract of letter, dated Amboy, *April* 24.

"Laſt week was held our Supreme Court of Aſſizes, at which appeared all the officers and ſoldiers of the 28th regiment who lay under the imputation of the aſſault on Mr. Thomas Walker; but as no other teſtimony was brought againſt them but the depoſition of a villain, who had lately been preſented by the Grand Jury of Canada for wilful and corrupt perjury, they were all releaſed from their recognizances."

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 30.

Extract of a letter from Captain Lambton, *of the brig* Jenny, *from this port for* Barcelona, *dated* Liſbon, *March* 7, 1767.

"I take this opportunity of acquainting you of the terrible paſſage we met with from your place, being ten weeks and four days. On the 5th of January had a very hard gale of wind, and prodigious heavy ſea, which ſplit all our ſails, broke the ſtanchions and rails, and pump heads, and carried every thing off the decks; canted the corn, and laid the ſhip on her broadſide. We made much water, and the pumps choked, ſo that we expected the next ſea to end our troubles, but Providence ordered otherwiſe; the next ſea ſtruck our bows, and threw the veſſel before the wind, which the ſails could not have done. In this ſituation, we found our rudder ſprung; we did all that was poſſible, and our endeavours ſucceeded in ſaving us, though I hourly expected the decks to blow up; we continued before the wind and ſea. At eight o'clock at night, prodigious dark, was ſurpriſed to ſee a light cloſe ahead of us, ſo near that we had hardly time to go clear of it; a ſhip from Philadelphia, grain loaded, with her maſts gone; our main ſhrouds were cloſe to her boltſprit, and the people on board crying out for God's ſake to ſtay by them, for they were ſinking, but our condition was too dangerous to grant them any aſſiſtance. At two o'clock it moderated, and I brought to again under a reefed foreſail, having no afterſail. Next morning proved fine weather; and the wind ſhifting, we ſteered a courſe to find out the diſtreſſed ſhip, but unfortunately could ſee no more of her."

Sunday laſt Captain Harper arrived here from Antigua, who adviſes that the crops there were likely to ſuffer very much for want of rain, having had none for three weeks before he failed; and the mills were ſtanding ſtill for want of wind, ſo that the canes were merely parched up by the drought.

Extract of a letter from London, *Feb.* 2, 1767.

"As to the buſineſs yet done in Parliament, there is nothing very material. An alteration has been made in the late act reſpecting the exportation from Dominica to the ports north of Cape Finiſterre, whereby Ireland is excepted, as well as Great Britain. A motion was made laſt week in the Houſe of Commons, on the ſupplies for the army, that the revenues ariſing and to ariſe, in America, be applied towards ſubſiſting the troops now there, and thoſe other regiments which it is propoſed to ſend. Mr. Townſend, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, among other things, urged the propriety of more troops being ſent to America, and of their being quartered in the large towns; that he had a plan preparing, which he would lay before the Houſe, for the raiſing ſupplies in America; that the Legiſlative authority here extended to every colony, in every particular; that the diſtinction of *internal* and *external taxes* was *nonſenſe*, and that he voted for the repeal of the Stamp Act not becauſe it was not a good act, but becauſe, at that time, there appeared a propriety in repealing it. He added, that "*he repeated the ſentence, that the galleries might hear him; and that, after that, he did not expect to have his ſtatue erected in America.*" Mr. Grenville joined him fully. What they will do with us in the end, I cannot ſay."

Captain Davidſon, from New Providence, adviſes that a ſchooner belonging to Boſton, bound to Providence from Newbern, in North Carolina, was lately caſt away on Abaco; as were alſo another ſchooner, and a ſloop, both from North Carolina for the above iſland; the veſſels and cargoes entirely loſt, but the people ſaved. He further adviſes that a French ſloop, from the Miſſiſippi for Cape Francois, was caſt away on ſome of the keys, whoſe crew afterwards murdered the Captain for the ſake

of the cash on board; three of whom were brought to Providence, to take their trials.

Extract of a letter from New Providence, *April* 9, 1767.

"All the small vessels here are employed in looking for the Spanish ship, cast away some time since on the Bahama bank, with one million of dollars on board; several parts of the ship have been found drifted on the keys, from which they have got about five thousand dollars, and some pieces of plate."

We hear from Salem, in New Jersey, that on the night of the 12th instant a person who had undertaken to officiate as a schoolmaster near that place, and was to have opened his school the next day, as a specimen of his *learning* and *ability*, broke open the store of Messr. Test and Johnston, and stole from thence about 100l. in cash. This capital performance being discovered, he was conducted to *proper lodgings*, and will receive his trial at the next assizes, when no doubt his *merit* will be properly considered. This may serve as a caution against admitting persons to form the morals of our youth, without having a true knowledge of their principles and character.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 21.

By a Gentleman from Petersburg, we learn that on Friday night last the storehouse belonging to Col. JOHN JONES, in that town, by some accident took fire, and was burnt to the ground. Captain Fearon had the misfortune to have his leg broke, by the fall of a ladder, as he, with some others, were upon it, to prevent the flames from communicating to Mr. Roger Atkinson's store, which adjoined Col. Jones's.

ARRIVALS.——In Rappahannock river, the Elizabeth, Cuzzens, from London. In James river, the John, Breakhill, from Liverpool; the Spiers, Lusk, and the Peggy, Ramsay, from Glasgow. In York river, the Russia Merchant, Hubbard, and Liberty, Outram, from London; the York, Meriwether, from Bristol; and the Prince William, Patterson, from Glasgow.

Messr. PURDIE & DIXON,

GENTLEMEN,

Please to insert the following in your next, and you will oblige

Your humble servant,

FREDERICKSBURG, *April* 29, 1767. B. GRYMES.

Mr. RIND,

I HAVE this day seen a piece in your paper, signed A FACTOR, Trustee, and Inhabitant of the town of Falmouth, which reflects so much on my honour that I cannot rest satisfied until I clear up my injured character to the publick; and as the situation of the country will render it a work of time to get proper affidavits to acquit myself of so vile a charge, and make the matter appear in a quite different light, the shortest method perhaps may be to have recourse to the author, for which end I desire his name in your next. The publick is requested to suspend their opinion, as there is not one word of truth in the charge against me.

I am your humble servant,

B. GRYMES.

An Epilogue to the Tragedy of CATO.

Acted by the YOUNG GENTLEMEN at the Reverend Mr. WARRINGTON's school.

Spoken by Miss CAMILLA WARRINGTON.

KIND audience, something I have now to say,
Two heads upon the players and the play:
Two heads! this language, if unmeetly us'd,
The Parson's daughter stands, I hope, excus'd.
Methinks I hear some spleenful critick rail,
In patriotick scenes a dull love tale!
In this remark he prides himself I ween,
But what can such a groundless censure mean?
From youths, who love their country, sure the fair
Of virtuous passion reap the sweetest share.
Love whets the soldier's sword, the scholar's pen,
And forms of both the patriot, best of men.
What youth aught noble ever did, or said,
Before he got a mistress ——— in his head.
Stop Nature's source! of that you must not dream,
But to some precious ends direct the stream;
That it may charm the watchful guardian's sight,
And waft his ward to honour and delight.
Now for your actors——little folks we are,
Who in a vast attempt too greatly dare:
We strive to be in air, in gate, and looks,
Statesmen and Princes——whom we've seen in books.
If here we fail, forgive; and be content
With thought and diction, by the author lent.
These are the substance, and without the show
Aid lower life, as I already know:
For I, in exercising smiles and frowns,
To gain my Prince, have scarce a thought of crowns;
But hope to make the better wife, when I
Obtain my Princely Colonel by and by.
In one petition join our fairy band,
Let love and patriot ardour bless the land.
If nothing please you else, you'll clap the zeal
Of brats who pant to *serve* the common weal;
Each in th' allotted useful occupation,
When genius, time, and fortune, point the station.

Advertisements.

MAY 19, 1767.

THE Gentlemen appointed to take in subscriptions, and contract with proper persons, for clearing the Falls of JAMES river, are desired to meet at RICHMOND on *Thursday* the 18th day of next month, in order to consult upon the most likely means of effecting that important work.

☞ *We shall be much obliged to those indebted to us for* BOOKS, STATIONARY, *and* NEWSPAPERS, *to make as speedy payment as they can; the carrying on our business being attended with a very considerable expense, and our only dependence the punctuality of our good customers.*

The PRINTERS.

TAPPAHANNOCK, *May* 7, 1767.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of ROBERT ELLIOTT, deceased, late of *Middlesex*, as well as the creditors, are desired to meet at *Middlesex July* court, in order to have the different claims settled; and as there is a doubt of not being a sufficiency to discharge the debts due from said estate, it is requested that the creditors will postpone bringing any suits until they meet at *July* court, and hear the proposals to be made by

ARCHIBALD RITCHIE, Admr.

YORK, *May* 18, 1767.

FINDING it impossible to make my creditors the smallest payment at present, and seeing the necessity of pursuing some method to enable me to make them full payment as fast as possible, I intend to leave the colony in a short time in the brigantine *Norton*, now in *York* river, Capt *Brooks* commander. Any person, or persons, that have any objections thereto, are desired to make them known (with the reasons annexed) to Mr. *Edward Cary*, merchant in *York*, or the Captain on board the said vessel.

1. JOHN ROBERTSON.

To be SOLD *at publick auction, on* Friday *the 5th day of* JUNE *next, for ready money, by virtue of a power of attorney from Mr.* Lewis Hansford, *at present in* London, *and by his particular desire,*

ONE LOT of LAND, with the appurtenances, whereon Mrs. STEEL lately lived, situate on the main street, below the Capitol, in the city of *Williamsburg*; the sale to be on the premises. At the same time and place will likewise be sold a PLANTATION, belonging to Mr. *Hansford*, containing about 150 acres, more or less, lying in the county of *York*, and adjoining the lands of the Hon. *John Blair*, Esq; and Mr. *Frederick Bryan*. And on *Friday* the 12th day of the same month will be exposed to publick sale, before Mr. *Anthony Hay*'s door, by virtue of the same power of attorney, and for ready money, two other TRACTS of LAND, containing 400 acres each, more or less, the one lying in the county of *Albemarle*, and the other in the county of *Louisa*.

ROBERT CARTER NICHOLAS.
JAMES HOLT.

May 19, 1767.

By decree of *James City* Court.

To be SOLD *before Mr.* Anthony Hay's *door, on* Friday *the 12th of* June, *at four o'clock in the afternoon,*

THE Plantation where *John James Hulett* lately resided, containing 110 acres, about two miles and a half from *Williamsburg*. The plantation has on it a dwelling-house, and all convenient out-houses, a fine peach orchard, good marshes, and many other conveniences, too tedious to mention. The time of credit will be agreed on at the day of sale.

LEWIS TYLER, D. Sheriff.

RUN away, the 7th of this instant *(May)* a Negro fellow, called HARRY SPENCER; he is a tall slim fellow, upwards of 50 years of age, has a pretty white beard, a red cap, old shoes, and has a lax which has run on him some time, is extreme deceitful, and a great villain. He run away some years ago from the late Col. *Spotswood*, and went to *Carolina*, where he staid a considerable time, and it seems he has made off that way again, by an account given by a slave belonging to Col. *Spotswood*'s estate, who he wanted to carry with him. Whoever apprehends the said slave, and has him secured in a gaol, shall have 40 s. if taken up on the north side of *James* river, 5l. if taken up on the south side, and 4 d. a mile if delivered to me in *Spotsylvania*, besides the reward for taking up. 4 CHARLES BRUCE.

STRAYED from WILLIAMSBURG, the 28th of *April* last, a small dark bay horse, about seven years old, with a blaze in his face, a hanging mane and bob tail, has some small saddle spots, his hind feet white, was lately bought from *Richmond* town, and is probably gone that way. Whoever brings him to the Printer hereof shall have TEN SHILLINGS reward. *May* 19, 1767.

HAMPTON, *May* 18, 1767.

STRAYED from WILLIAMSBURG, the 1st instant, two bay horses, belonging to the subscriber at HAMPTON, viz. One of them about 14 hands high, with a roached mane and bob tail, a star in his forehead, one hind foot white, remarkably parrot toed, and branded on the near buttock. The other upwards of 14 hands high, with a roached mane and bob tail, one hind foot white, a white streak down his face, but not remembered to be branded.

Twenty Shillings reward for each will be given, on their delivery to me at *Hampton*.

2 CARY MICHELL.

TAKEN up, in *Fairfax*, a bright bay horse, near 13 hands high, with a sprig tail, his mane hangs on the right side, and branded on the near buttock X; posted, and appraised to 5l.

WILLIAM BOYELSTONE.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 14, 1767.

STRAYED from the subscriber, a dark chestnut sorrel horse, about 13 hands and a half high, 4 years old this spring, with a roached mane, his tail lately dockt to a short bob, trots and gallops, his off hind foot white, and branded on the near buttock H. Whoever brings the said horse to me, in *Williamsburg*, shall have Twenty Shillings reward.

2 WILLIAM PHIPS.

TAKEN up, in *Fairfax*, a small bay horse, about 13 hands high, but no brand that I have observed; posted, and appraised to 4l.

JOHN CARLYLE.

TAKEN up, in *James City*, a bay horse, about 13 hands high, with a hanging mane and switch tail, branded on the near shoulder S, and on the buttock S; posted, and appraised to 3l.

WILLIAM COLE.

POST OFFICE, *Williamsburg*, *May* 8, 1767.

THE publick is hereby desired to take notice that the Hampton rider will for the future arrive in Williamsburg every Monday and Friday evening, come through York town, and return to Hampton on Tuesday and Saturday. That the Hanover rider will set off from Newcastle early every Monday and Friday, to meet the Hampton rider in Williamsburg every Tuesday and Saturday, and return to Newcastle on the Wednesday and Sunday nights. That the James river rider will set off from Newcastle, by the way of Richmond, to Petersburg, and return to Newcastle on Tuesday and Saturday nights. That the Fredericksburg rider will set out every Monday morning from Newcastle, by the way of Hanover town, and Todd's Bridge, and arrive at Fredericksburg on Tuesday night; where he exchanges mails with the Northern rider, and returns to Newcastle, by the way of Todd's Bidge, and Hanover town, every Thursday. That a rider will set off from Fredericksburg every Wednesday, to be at Hobb's Hole that night, where he exchanges mails with a rider from Urbanna, and returns to Fredericksburg on Thursday night. And on Friday morning a rider proceeds with the mail to the Northward.

JOHN DIXON, D. P.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 12, 1767.

ALL persons who have any CLAIMS against the estate of JAMES HEART, under the assignment of his effects for the benefit of his creditors, are desired to meet at Mr. HAY's, in this city, on *Friday* the 12th of *June* next; when a particular account of the debts and effects of the said *James Heart* will be laid before them, in order to have all matters relative to the said assignment finally settled and determined.

N. B. Those who cannot attend on the above mentioned day are desired to get some person to attend and act in their stead.

5 The ASSIGNEES.

On the first Thursday *in* June *next, being* Hanover *court day, will be exposed to publick sale, at the court-house,*

ABOUT ten valuable VIRGINIA born SLAVES, belonging to the estate of Doctor PETER HAY, deceased. Three months credit will be allowed, the purchasers giving bond and security, if required, to

PHILIP W. CLAIBORNE, Executors.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber in *Elizabeth City* county, on *Thursday* the 5th of this instant *(May)* a light sorrel horse, about 5 years old, near 14 hands high, with a blaze in his face, a hanging mane and switch tail, and trots and gallops. Whoever brings the said horse to me shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, if strayed; if stolen, on conviction of the thief, FIVE POUNDS. Tf FRANCIS MALLORY.

TAKEN up, in *Hanover*, a light brindled steer, marked with a crop, slit, and underkeel, in the right ear, and half crop in the left; posted, and appraised to 30 s. JOHN SMITH.

SOUTHAMPTON, *May* 6, 1767.

THE subscriber has near 200 hhds. of TOBACCO in the several warehouses on the south side of *James* river, from *Petersburg* to *Milner's*, to dispose of, for cash or good bills of exchange.

THOMAS WILLIAMSON.

FALMOUTH, *April* 21, 1767.

I INTEND to leave the colony soon. All persons who dealt with me in *Fauquier* county are desired to pay their balances to Messr. *Woodrow* and *Neale* at *Falmouth*, for whom I acted.

WILLIAM LOVE.

To be SOLD *on the premises, on* Thursday *the 18th of* June,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 2200 acres, known by the name of *The Brick House Tract*, lying on *Fleet*'s bay, in the county of *Lancaster*. The land is level, has a good soil for any grain or tobacco, well watered and timbered, especially with oak, of which there is a vast quantity fit for staves or ship building. There are several plantations in good order for cropping, with all convenient buildings, a good grist mill, and navigation for small craft to several parts of the land. An indisputable title will be made the purchaser.

CHARLES CARTER.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 5, 1767.

THE Attornies for KNOX's aſſignees, and myſelf, having, by an order of the Honourable the General Court, appointed ſeveral Gentlemen of *Frederickſburg* to audit, ſettle, and ſtate the accounts of the debtors and creditors of the ſaid *Knox*: I take this method to inform my clients that the auditors, Mr. *Wayles*, and myſelf, will attend at *Frederickſburg* on the 22d day of *June*, and all that week, to ſettle the account of every perſon who ſhall be willing to abide by the ſaid order.

JAMES MERCER.

ON *Monday* the 24th of *Auguſt* next, the tract of LAND in *Culpeper* county, called *Mount Poney*, formerly advertiſed in this paper, will be ſold in LOTS, at the houſe of *Frederick Zimmermon*, on the premiſes.——Note, all perſons that have any demands againſt the ſubſcriber are deſired to ſend in their accounts to *Joſeph Jones*, Eſq; of *Spotſylvania*, one of the truſtees appointed by act of Aſſembly to diſpoſe of my lands, and whom I have empowered to ſettle all my affairs, and diſpoſe of ſuch other part of my eſtate as he ſhall think fit for the diſcharge of my juſt debts. This method I have taken to ſatisfy thoſe to whom I am indebted that I intend to pay their balances as ſoon as the money can poſſibly be raiſed, either by the ſale of Land or Negroes.

CHARLES CARTER.

TWO ſmall BOXES, N° 1 & 2, marked $\frac{M}{NEB}$, with a crow's foot at the bottom of the E, were lodged at *Burwell*'s ferry about 3 months ago, which the owner may have on paying ſtorage, and the charge of advertiſing. MATTHEW MOODY, Jun.

At the next June *Fair in* Frederickſburg, *will be* SOLD,

A GOOD aſſortment of *European* and other MERCHANDISES, about 250 l. ſterling value, in two lots, late the property of Mr. *William Scott*, deceaſed, and the ſubſcriber in partnerſhip.

‖ JOHN MITCHELL.

To be SOLD, *before Mrs.* Cowly's *door, in* Richmond *town, on* Monday *the 1ſt of* June *next*,

A Parcel of choice NEGROES, a DISTILLERY, with all the apparatus, and a valuable LEASE of LAND and HOUSES. Six months credit will be allowed, the purchaſers giving bond and ſecurity to

4 JOHN HYLTON, } Adminiſtrators of
JAMES BALFOUR, } *Phil. Watſon*, dec.

To be SOLD,

THE fee ſimple eſtate in a tract of LAND in *King* and *Queen* county, known by the name of *Bewdeley*, the reverſion of which was lately advertiſed for ſale by Mr. *William Tunſtall*. The land lies upon *Mattapony* river, where the ſame is navigable for veſſels of 100 hhds. burthen. There is a large new brick houſe upon it, which may be finiſhed at a ſmall expenſe, with all neceſſary out-houſes, and a valuable orchard of the beſt fruit trees. The high land is level and good, the ſituation high, pleaſant, and healthy, and the ſunken grounds and marſhes capable of great improvement, and at preſent afford plenty of hay. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to the ſubſcribers, in *King* and *Queen*.

6 RICHARD TUNSTALL.
JOHN SEMPLE.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt bidder, on* Monday *the 15th of* JUNE *next, at* Dinwiddie *court, being court day*,

A TRACT of LAND in ſaid county, adjoining the plantation of *George Pentecoſt*, on *Nottoway* river, containing 195 acres. There is a ſmall corn field cleared on the land, with ſome convenient houſes, and an apple orchard. Seven pounds of the money to be paid at the day of ſale, and twelve months credit for the remainder, the purchaſer giving bond and good ſecurity. A good title will be made, by

‖ ARCHIBALD M'ROBERT.

To be RENTED *for a term of years, and entered on at* Chriſtmas,

A PLANTATION on *Great Wicomico* river, in *Northumberland*, containing about 400 acres, whereon is a good new dwelling-houſe, with two fire rooms and a paſſage below, and two cloſets and two fire rooms above, a good cellar under the houſe, a kitchen, and all other neceſſary out-houſes; alſo an old dwelling-houſe, with ſeveral rooms, a good apple orchard, the whole in good order for cropping, within two miles of church and warehouſe, and very convenient for fiſhing and oyſtering. Alſo another PLANTATION, lying on *Dividing* creek, containing upwards of 100 acres, whereon is a dwelling-houſe, with two rooms below and two above, a good new tobacco houſe 40 by 36, a quarter, and two corn houſes, all incloſed under a good fence. Whoever inclines to rent either of the above plantations is deſired to apply early, before it is too late to agree with overſeers for the enſuing year. The terms may be known by applying to the ſubſcriber, in *Accomack* county, or to Mr. *David Boyd*, Attorney at Law, in *Northumberland*.

‖ WALTER JAMESON.

THE ſhip *Nautilus*, JOHN BOYES commander, now lying in *York* river, *Mattapony*, will take in tobacco, on liberty of conſignment, at Eight Pounds ſterling a tun. Any perſons inclining to ſhip are deſired to apply to the Captain, who will attend all convenient county courts, or to BENJAMIN WALLER, Eſq; in *Williamſburg*. The ſaid ſhip will ſail in *Auguſt*, without fail.

To be SOLD,

THE ORDINARY and Tract of LAND whereon *William Gwyn* lived, in *Brunſwick* county, containing about 200 acres of good corn land, whereon is a dwelling-houſe 28 by 16, a ſmokehouſe, dairy, kitchen, 20,000 corn hills cleared and fenced, and a paſture and ſtable; it is about 50 miles from *Peterſburg*, in the fork of the publick road leading to *Ingram*'s and *Pennington*'s ferries, on *Meherrin* river, and *Eaton*'s, *Black*'s, *Fox*'s, and *Taylor*'s ferries, on *Roanoke*, and well known to be one of the beſt ſituations up the country for an ordinary. Alſo another tract of land, containing about 254 acres of good corn land, contiguous to the above. Terms may be known by applying to *William Gwyn*, in *Blandford*, or to

EDMUNDS & ROSE.

Brunſwick, April 30, 1767.

APRIL 20, 1767.

STOLEN from *Brunſwick* court-houſe, on *Thurſday* the 16th of this inſtant, a very likely light gray horſe, and ſomewhat lighter in the face than any other part, about 4 feet 9 inches high, 5 years old this ſpring, paces a good riding gate, gallops well, has a ſwitch tail and thin mane, the mane hanging to the right ſide, a ſcar on the right ſide juſt behind the ſhoulder, and near the girth, though not perceivable without parting the hair; had on when taken away a very good *Virginia* made ſaddle, with one ſtirrup iron with three bars, the other a plain ſingle one, a blue check ſaddle cloth bound with blue ferret, and a very good horſeſkin ſnaffle bridle. Whoever brings the ſaid horſe to Capt. *William Edwards*, or to Capt. *Thomas Simmons*, in *Brunſwick* county, near the lower *Cutbank* bridge, or to *James Harriſon* in *Dinwiddie*, ſo that I get him again, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and on conviction of the thief FIVE POUNDS. JAMES HARRISON.

TAKEN up, in *Charlotte*, two white barrows, with long tails, marked with a ſwallow fork in the left ear, and the right trimmed to a fox ear; poſted, and appraiſed to 40 s.

‖ SILVANUS STOKES.

TAKEN up, in *Hanover*, a black horſe, with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, about 4 feet 7 inches high, ſhod before, his hair much rubbed off both ſides, and branded on the near buttock and ſhoulder C—C.

‖ WILLIAM WINSTON.

TAKEN up, in *Dinwiddie*, a ſmall black mare, with a blaze in the upper part of her face, a gray mane and tail, her tail appears to have been bobbed ſome time ago, and branded on the near buttock . Alſo a young black mare, about two years old this ſpring, with ſome white hairs in her face, had a ſmall bell on, dockt, but not branded. ‖ JOHN LATIMER.

TAKEN up, in *Stafford*, a black horſe, about 4 feet 1 inch high, with ſome white hairs in his forehead, one white foot, dockt ſhort, branded on the ſhoulder IM, and on the buttock I; poſted, and appraiſed to 4 l.

‖ MARGARET PRIM.

TAKEN up, in *Mecklenburg*, a red brindled ſteer, marked with a crop and half-moon under and over in the right ear, and half-moon under the left, and was 3 years old laſt ſpring; poſted, and appraiſed to 35 s.

‖ JOHN BOASMAN.

For SALE,

A TRACT of 3000 acres of LAND, in the county of ALBEMARLE, on the three forks of *Pretty*'s creek, on which is a great deal of very valuable low ground, and as much cleared (with houſes and proper improvements) as is ſufficient for fifteen working hands. The plantations thereon produce very good crops of tobacco and corn, and fine ſtocks of cattle and hogs; the price is 900 l. Alſo a tract of 1500 acres of good land, on the *Hedgeman* river, in *Culpeper* county, running three miles on the river, and affords a good deal of low ground, both high and low ground very good; the price is 500 l. Alſo a valuable tract of 400 acres, in *Culpeper* county, very rich and level, where Col. *Gabriel Jones* lately lived, having ſeveral valuable houſes and improvements thereon, now in the tenure of Mr. *Laurence Slaughter*, and about 30 miles diſtant from *Frederickſburg*; the price is 300 l. Alſo my tavern at *Culpeper* court-houſe, in *Fairfax* town, being a large new commodious houſe, with convenient out-houſes, ſtable, garden, and all proper improvements, and has vaſt cuſtom, vending 500 pounds worth of liquors original coſt in a year, the rent of which is worth 60 l. a year; the price is 500 l. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe either of the above tracts of land, or tavern, will find either of them a good bargain, and worth their while to apply to me, at *Frederickſburg*. 6 ROGER DIXON.

N. B. The lots and houſes in the tenure of Mr. *James Hume*, in the moſt pleaſant ſituation on the main ſtreet in *Frederickſburg* (before advertiſed by me) are ſtill to be ſold, or ſet for a term of years, on very reaſonable conditions, in order to ſatisfy ſome debts I am liable for as ſecurity for the ſaid *James Hume*. R. D.

TAKEN up, in *Buckingham*, a ſorrel horſe, about 4 feet 8 or 9 inches high, with a ſtar in his forehead, a ſnip on his noſe, the off hind foot white, a white ſtroke on his fore leg, ſome ſaddle ſpots, and branded on the near ſhoulder and both buttocks R; poſted, and appraiſed to 5 l.

THOMAS COLEMAN.

TAKEN up, in *Prince Edward*, a middle ſized dark bay mare, with a roached mane and ſprig tail, has ſome white hairs in her forehead, ſeveral ſaddle ſpots, natural pacer, had on a bell, branded on the near ſhoulder O and buttock O; poſted, and appraiſed to 7 l.

O MUMFORD DEJARNATT.

TAKEN up, in *Lunenburg*, a bright bay mare, about 4 feet 5 inches and a half high, with a ſtar in her forehead, one hind foot white, paces a little, and branded on the near buttock IG; poſted, and appraiſed to 6 l.

WILLIAM ALLEN.

To be SOLD,

A FORGE, and geared GRIST MILL, both well fixed, and ſituated on a plentiful and conſtant ſtream, near *Todd*'s warehouſe, in *King* and *Queen* county, with ſeveral SLAVES uſed to work there, as ſmiths, hammermen, and colliers, and well acquainted with the buſineſs; alſo two valuable blackſmiths, and about 2000 acres of land, adjoining or near the forge. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to me, in *King William* county. Tf BERNARD MOORE.

To be SOLD,

A NEW SHIP, now lying at *Suffolk* wharf, burthen about 350 hogſheads of tobacco, well built with the beſt white oak timber and plank. The purchaſer may have long credit for part of the money. Any perſon in want may apply to Mr. *John Driver* at *Suffolk*, or to *George Walker*, Jun. in *Elizabeth City*. Tf

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To be RENTED, *for one year, or any number of years*,

A Commodious ſtorehouſe, with a counting room, lumber houſe, and ſtable, all new, ſituated upon *Machadack* creek, where the warehouſes are erected, upon as good navigation as any in the country, and in a fine neighbourhood for the purchaſe both of corn and tobacco. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber, in *Weſtmoreland* county.

9 WILLIAM BERNARD.

To be SOLD,

FOURTEEN hundred acres of very good TOBACCO LAND, lying on *Turkey* creek, in *Hanover* county, and not above ten acres cleared in the whole tract. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to

Tf NATHANIEL W. DANDRIDGE.

To be SOLD,

A NEW SHIP, of about 236 tuns, well calculated for the TOBACCO trade, built of the beſt ſeaſoned plank and timber, and can be launched in a little time, if required. Twelve months credit will be allowed for two thirds or three fourths of the value. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may be ſhown the veſſel by applying to the ſubſcriber, living in *Kingſton* pariſh, *Glouceſter* county.

Tf THOMAS SMITH.

To be SOLD, *on twelve months credit*,

ABOUT 20,000 acres of LAND in *Amherſt* county, to which an indiſputable title will be made, and laid off in lots as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Apply to Col. *William Cabell* (who is Attorney for the executors of *Philip Grymes*, Eſq; deceaſed, and lives in *Amherſt* county) or to Tf LUNSFORD LOMAX, Jun.

SCHEME *of a* LOTTERY,

FOR diſpoſing of 146 LOTS of LAND, in the town of *Hanover*, yet remaining unſold.——The leaſt valuable of the lots, according to the prices of thoſe moſt remote from the water, which have been ſold, not being leſs than 20 l. which is far below a medium between that ſum and what was given for ſeveral near the water, the unſold lots are rated at 30 l. each, accounting 1, 2, 8, 9, 10, on which *Page*'s warehouſes ſtand, one lot; and 24, 35, 36, 47, 48, 49, on which *Crutchfield*'s warehouſes ſtand, one other lot only, ſo that there will be but 137 lots in the whole to be drawn for; and it is propoſed that there ſhall be no more than that number of chances, and conſequently no blanks. The conſideration money will not be required of Gentlemen willing to become adventurers, and ſubſcribing to the ſcheme, until *April* next; when it is to be paid to the proprietor at *Williamſburg*, either in caſh, or 3000 wt. of tobacco. The drawing will be ſoon after the ſubſcription ſhall be compleated, of which notice ſhall be given in the *Virginia* Gazette. *Robert Carter Nicholas*, *George Wythe*, *Thomas Everard*, *John Thompſon*, and *Jerman Baker*, Eſquires, will be managers of the lottery, or any three of them. Tf MANN PAGE.

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